

$$2.19) \quad z'_x + z'_y = 0$$

$$a) \quad z = \sin(x-y), \quad z'_x = \cos(x-y), \quad z'_y = -\cos(x-y)$$

$$\text{så } z'_x + z'_y = \cos(x-y) - \cos(x-y) = 0$$

$$z = 1 + (x-y)e^{-x}e^y, \quad z'_x = e^{-x}e^y - (x-y)e^{-x}e^y$$

$$z'_y = -e^{-x}e^y + (x-y)e^{-x}e^y$$

$$z'_x + z'_y = e^{-x}e^y - (x-y)e^{-x}e^y - e^{-x}e^y + (x-y)e^{-x}e^y = 0.$$

$$b) \quad z(x,y) = f(x-y), \quad z'_x = f'(x-y), \quad z'_y = -f'(x-y)$$

$$z'_x + z'_y = f'(x-y) - f'(x-y) = 0.$$

$$c) \quad \sin(x-y) = f(x-y) \quad \text{där } f(t) = \sin t$$

$$1 + (x-y)e^{-x}e^y = 1 + (x-y)e^{-(x-y)} = f(x-y) \quad \text{där}$$

$$f(t) = 1 + te^{-t}.$$

2.20)

$$z = f\left(\frac{x}{y}\right), \quad z'_x = f'\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{y}, \quad z'_y = f'\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{x}{y^2}\right)$$

$$x z'_x + y z'_y = \frac{x}{y} f'\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) - \frac{x y}{y^2} f'\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = 0.$$

$$\frac{x^2 - y^2}{xy} = \frac{x}{y} - \frac{y}{x} = f\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$$

$$\text{där } f(t) = t - \frac{1}{t}.$$

2.21)

$$z'_x = z'_u u'_x + z'_v v'_x$$

$$z'_y = z'_u u'_y + z'_v v'_y.$$

$$a) \quad \begin{cases} u = x+y \\ v = xy \end{cases} \quad \text{ger} \quad \begin{cases} u'_x = 1, u'_y = 1 \\ v'_x = y, v'_y = x \end{cases}$$

$$\text{så } z'_x = z'_u + y z'_v, \quad z'_y = z'_u + x z'_v$$

$$b) \quad \begin{cases} u = x^2 - y^2 \\ v = 2xy \end{cases} \quad \text{ger} \quad \begin{cases} u'_x = 2x, u'_y = -2y, v'_x = 2y, v'_y = 2x \end{cases}$$

$$\text{så } z'_x = 2x z'_u + 2y z'_v,$$

$$z'_y = -2y z'_u + 2x z'_v$$

$$c) \quad \begin{cases} u = 2xy \\ v = 1/y \end{cases} \quad \text{ger} \quad \begin{cases} u'_x = 2y, u'_y = 2x, v'_x = 0, v'_y = -1/y^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{så } z'_x = 2y z'_u, \quad z'_y = 2x z'_u - \frac{1}{y^2} z'_v.$$

2.22)

$$a) \begin{cases} u = x - y \\ v = x + y \end{cases} \quad u'_x = 1, u'_y = -1, v'_x = 1, v'_y = 1$$

$$z'_x = z'_u u'_x + z'_v v'_x = z'_u + z'_v$$

$$z'_y = z'_u u'_y + z'_v v'_y = -z'_u + z'_v$$

$$z'_x + z'_y = z'_u + z'_v - z'_u + z'_v = 2z'_v = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow z'_v = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \underline{z = f(u) = f(x-y)}$$

b)

$$z(0, y) = f(-y) = y - \cos y$$

$$\Leftrightarrow f(y) = (-y) - \cos(-y) = -y - \cos y$$

$$z = f(x-y) = -(x-y) - \cos(x-y) = \underline{y-x - \cos(x-y)}$$

2.23)

$$\begin{cases} u = 2x - 3y \\ v = x \end{cases} \quad \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = v \\ y = \frac{2v - u}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$a) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2, \quad \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} = 0, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} = 0 \neq 1.$$

$$b) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = 2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}$$

När vi beräknar $\frac{\partial f}{\partial v}$ håller u konstant,

när vi beräknar $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ håller y konstant.

2.26)

$$2x z'_x - y z'_y = y + xy \quad x > 0, y > 0.$$

$$\begin{cases} u = xy^2 & u'_x = y^2, u'_y = 2xy \\ v = y & v'_x = 0, v'_y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$z'_x = z'_u u'_x + z'_v v'_x = y^2 z'_u$$

$$z'_y = z'_u u'_y + z'_v v'_y = 2xy z'_u + z'_v$$

$$2x z'_x - y z'_y = 2xy^2 z'_y - 2xy^2 z'_u - y z'_v = y + xy$$

$$\Leftrightarrow z'_v = -\frac{y+xy}{y} = -1-x = -1-u/v^2$$

$$\Rightarrow z = -v + \frac{u}{v} + g(u).$$

$$\text{D.v.r.} \quad \underline{\underline{z = -y + xy + g(xy^2)}}$$

$$z(1, y) = -y + y + g(y^2) = e^{-y} = e^{-\sqrt{y^2}}$$

$$\text{Så } g(t) = e^{-\sqrt{t}}, \text{ d.v.r.}$$

$$\underline{\underline{z = -y + xy + e^{-\sqrt{xy^2}}.}}$$

2.31)

$$\frac{dw}{dx} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} \frac{du}{dx} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial v} \frac{dv}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} + 2x \frac{\partial w}{\partial v} \quad (*)$$

i) gäller för alla w .Med $w = z$ i (x) får vi

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + 2x \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^2 z}{dx^2} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{dz}{dx} \right) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + 2x \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) = \\ &= -\frac{1}{x^2} \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + \frac{1}{x} \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) + 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} + 2x \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left/ w = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right. \text{ resp. } w = \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \text{ i (x)} \left/ =$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -\frac{1}{x^2} \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + \frac{1}{x} \left(\frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial}{\partial u} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) + 2x \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) \right) + 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} + \\ &+ 2x \left(\frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial}{\partial u} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) + 2x \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{x^2} \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} + 4 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u \partial v} + 4x^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}. \end{aligned}$$

2.32)

$$z''_{xx} - 4z''_{xy} + 4z''_{yy} = 6y$$

$$a) \begin{cases} u = 2x + y \\ v = x \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = v \\ y = u - 2v \end{cases}$$

$$w'_x = w'_u u'_x + w'_v v'_x = 2w'_u + w'_v \quad (*)$$

$$w'_y = w'_u u'_y + w'_v v'_y = w'_u \quad (**)$$

$$\begin{aligned} z''_{xx} &= (z'_x)'_x = /w = z \text{ i } (*) / = (2z'_u + z'_v)'_x = \\ &= 2(z'_u)'_x + (z'_v)'_x = /w = z' \text{ u resp. } w = z'_v / = \\ &= 2(2(z'_u)'_u + (z'_u)'_v) + (2(z'_v)'_u + (z'_v)'_v) = \\ &= 4z''_{uu} + 4z''_{uv} + z''_{vv} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z''_{yy} &= (z'_y)'_y = /w = z \text{ i } (**) / = (z'_u)'_y = \\ &= /w = z' \text{ u i } (***) / = (z'_u)'_u = z''_{uu} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z''_{xy} &= (z'_x)'_y = /w = z \text{ i } (*) / = (2z'_u + z'_v)'_y = \\ &= 2(z'_u)'_y + (z'_v)'_y = /w = z' \text{ u resp. } w = z'_v \text{ i } (***) / \\ &= 2(z'_u)'_u + (z'_v)'_u = 2z''_{uu} + z''_{uv} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z''_{xx} - 4z''_{xy} + 4z''_{yy} &= 4z''_{uu} + 4z''_{uv} + z''_{vv} - 8z''_{uu} - 4z''_{uv} + 4z''_{uu} \\ &= z''_{vv} = 6y = 6(u - 2v) = 6u - 12v \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow z'_v &= 6uv - 6v^2 + h(u) \Rightarrow z = 3uv^2 - 2v^3 + v h(u) + k(v) \\ &= 3(2x+y)x^2 - 2x^3 + x h(2x+y) + k(2x+y) = \\ &= 4x^3 + 3x^2y + x h(2x+y) + k(2x+y) \end{aligned}$$

$$h, k \in \mathbb{C}^2.$$

2.32 b) $z(0, y) = k(y) = e^{-y^2}$.

c) $z(0, y) = k(y) = e^{-y^2}$

$$z_x = 12x^2 + 6xy + h(2x+y) + 2xh'(2x+y) + 2k'(2x+y)$$

$$z_x(0, y) = h(y) + 2k'(y) = h(y) - 4ye^{-y^2} = 0$$

$$k(y) = e^{-y^2}, \quad h(y) = 4ye^{-y^2}$$

Så

$$\underline{z(x, y) = 4x^3 + 3x^2y + 4x(2x+y)e^{-(2x+y)^2} + e^{-(2x+y)^2}}$$

d)

$$z(0, y) = k(y) = 0$$

$$z_x = 12x^2 + 6xy + h(2x+y) + 2xh'(2x+y) + 2k'(2x+y)$$

Med $k=0$, $z_x(x, -8x) = 0$ för \forall

$$z_x(x, -8x) = 12x^2 + 6x(-8x) + h(-6x) + 2xh'(-6x) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 2xh'(-6x) + h(-6x) = 36x^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow h'(-6x) + \frac{1}{2x}h(-6x) = \frac{36x^2}{2x} = 18x$$

$$t = -6x \Leftrightarrow x = -t/6 \text{ ger}$$

$$h'(t) - \frac{3}{t}h(t) = -3t$$

$$\int \frac{1}{t^3} dt = -3ht \quad \text{I.F.} \quad \frac{1}{t^3}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{t^3}h(t)\right)' = -\frac{3}{t^2}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{t^3}h(t) = \frac{3}{t} + C$$

$$\Leftrightarrow h(t) = 3t^2 + Ct^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} z(x, y) &= 4x^3 + 3x^2y + x(3(2x+y)^2 + C(2xy)^3) = \\ &= 16x^3 + 15x^2y + 3xy^2 + Cx(2x+y)^3 \end{aligned}$$

OBS! Om vi ser på ekvationen

$$2xh'(-6x) + h(-6x) = -\frac{3}{t}h'(t) + h(t) = 36x^2 = t^2, \quad t \geq 0$$

$$\text{Om vi skapar ihop lösningar} \quad h(t) = \begin{cases} 3t^2 + C_1t^3 & t \geq 0 \\ 3t^2 + C_2t^3 & t < 0 \end{cases}$$

så blir det en lösning. Men om vi i $h \in C^3$ måste $C_1 = C_2 \dots$

2.33)

$$\begin{cases} u = x + y \\ v = xy \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + x \frac{\partial z}{\partial v}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + x \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) + x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} =$$

$$= \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} + y \frac{\partial w}{\partial v} =$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial u} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) + y \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) + x \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial u} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) + y \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) \right) + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} =$$

$$= \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} + (x+y) \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u \partial v} + xy \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v^2} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} =$$

$$= \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} + u \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u \partial v} + v \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v^2} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} .$$

2.34)

$$x \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - y \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = X \quad x > 0, y > 0.$$

$$\begin{cases} u = 2xy \\ v = 1/y \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = 2y \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} \quad (*)$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 2x \frac{\partial w}{\partial u} - \frac{1}{y^2} \frac{\partial w}{\partial v} \quad (**)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right) = / w = z \text{ i } (*) / =$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(2y \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) = 2y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) = / w = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \text{ i } (*) /$$

$$= 2y \left(2y \frac{\partial}{\partial u} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) \right) = 4y^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right) = / w = z \text{ i } (***) / =$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(2x \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} - \frac{1}{y^2} \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) = 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + 2x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right) +$$

$$- \frac{1}{y^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right) = / w = \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \text{ resp. } w = \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \text{ i } (*) /$$

$$= 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + 4xy \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} - \frac{2}{y} \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u \partial v}$$

$$x \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - y \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = / w = z \text{ i } (*) / =$$

$$= x \left(4y^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} \right) - y \left(2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} + 4xy \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} - \frac{2}{y} \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u \partial v} \right) + 2y \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} =$$

$$= 2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u \partial v} = X = \frac{uv}{2} \Leftrightarrow z''_{uv} = \frac{uv}{4} \Rightarrow z'_u = \frac{uv^2}{8} + h(u)$$

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{u^2 v^2}{16} + H(u) + K(v) \quad H, K \in C^2.$$

$$\Leftrightarrow z = \frac{x^2}{4} + H(2xy) + K(1/y) = \frac{x^2}{4} + f(xy) + g(y).$$

2.25)

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial p^2} - \frac{1}{p} \frac{\partial T}{\partial p}$$

$$T(p, t) = f(p^2/t)$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial p} = f'(p^2/t) \frac{2p}{t}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial p^2} = f''(p^2/t) \frac{4p^2}{t^2} + \frac{2}{t} f'(p^2/t)$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = f'(p^2/t) \left(-\frac{p^2}{t^2} \right)$$

$$f'(p^2/t) \left(-\frac{p^2}{t^2} \right) = f''(p^2/t) \frac{4p^2}{t^2} + \frac{2}{t} f'(p^2/t) - \frac{2}{t} f'(p^2/t)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4 f''(p^2/t) \frac{p^2}{t^2} + f'(p^2/t) \frac{p^2}{t^2} = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow f'' + \frac{1}{4} f' = 0$$

$$r^2 + \frac{r}{4} = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow r = 0, r = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$f(s) = C + D e^{-s/4}$$

$$\underline{\underline{T = f(p^2/t) = C + D e^{-p^2/4t}}}$$

2.27)

$$x f'_x + y f'_y = -f, \quad \begin{cases} u = y/x \\ v = x \end{cases}$$

$$f'_x = f'_u u'_x + f'_v v'_x = -\frac{y}{x^2} f'_u + f'_v$$

$$f'_y = f'_u u'_y + f'_v v'_y = \frac{1}{x} f'_u$$

$$x f'_x + y f'_y = -\frac{y}{x} f'_u + x f'_v + \frac{y}{x} f'_u = x f'_v = v f'_v = -f$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial v} (v f) = 0 \Leftrightarrow v f = h(u) \Leftrightarrow f = \frac{h(u)}{v} = \underline{\underline{\frac{h(y/x)}{x}}}$$

2.28)

$$\begin{cases} g(t) = f(2t, t) \\ h(t) = f(t, -t) \end{cases}$$

$$g'(t) = \frac{\partial f(2t, t)}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = \left/ \begin{array}{l} x=2t \\ y=t \end{array} \right/ =$$

$$= 2f'_x + f'_y$$

$$h'(t) = \frac{\partial f(t, -t)}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = \left/ \begin{array}{l} x=t \\ y=-t \end{array} \right/ =$$

$$= f'_x - f'_y$$

$$\begin{cases} g'(0) = a = 2f'_x(0,0) + f'_y(0,0) \\ h'(0) = b = f'_x(0,0) - f'_y(0,0) \end{cases}$$

\Leftrightarrow

$$\begin{cases} 3f'_x(0,0) = a+b \\ 3f'_y(0,0) = a-2b \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3f'_x(0,0) = a+b \\ 3f'_y(0,0) = a-2b \end{cases}$$

$$\text{SVAR: } f'_x(0,0) = \frac{a+b}{3}, \quad f'_y(0,0) = \frac{a-2b}{3}$$

2.29)

$$(*) \quad a(x,y)z'_x + b(x,y)z'_y = 0.$$

a)

$$(x'(t), y'(t)) = c(t)(a(x(t), y(t)), b(x(t), y(t)))$$

$$\frac{dz(x(t), y(t))}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} =$$

$$= c(t) a(x(t), y(t)) \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + c(t) b(x(t), y(t)) \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} =$$

$$= c(t) \left(a(x(t), y(t)) \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + b(x(t), y(t)) \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right) = 0$$

b)

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{b(x,y)}{a(x,y)}$$

Antas att $f(x,y) = C$ för en lösning till denna.

$$\begin{cases} u = f(x,y) \\ v = x \end{cases}$$

ger

$$z'_x = z'_u u'_x + z'_v v'_x = z'_u f'_x + z'_v, \quad z'_y = z'_u u'_y + z'_v v'_y = z'_u f'_y$$

$$a z'_x + b z'_y = a z'_u f'_x + a z'_v + b z'_u f'_y = z'_u (a f'_x + b f'_y) + a z'_v$$

$$= a z'_v = 0, \quad \text{eftersom } \frac{d}{dx} f(x, y(x)) = f'_x + y'(x) f'_y = f'_x + \frac{b}{a} f'_y = 0.$$

2.29 c)

$$a z'_x + b z'_y = a z'_v = c(x, y)$$

2.22: $z'_x + z'_y = 0$ $a = b = 1$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad y = x + c \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad y - x = c$$

$$f(x, y) = y - x.$$

2.26:

$$a = 2x, \quad b = -y$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{y}{2x}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{y} dy = \int -\frac{1}{2x} dx \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \ln y^2 = -\ln x + c$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \ln xy^2 = c \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad xy^2 = e^c$$

$$f(x, y) = xy^2$$

2.29 d)

$$(1 - 2y) z'_x + (1 + 2x) z'_y = 0.$$

$$a = 1 - 2y, \quad b = 1 + 2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 + 2x}{1 - 2y} \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \int (1 - 2y) dy = \int (1 + 2x) dx$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \quad y - y^2 = x + x^2 + c$$

$$f(x, y) = x + x^2 - y + y^2 = -c.$$

$$\int u = x + x^2 - y + y^2$$

$$\int v = x$$

ges $a z'_v = (1 - 2y) z'_v = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad z'_v = 0 \quad (v = y = 1/2).$

$$z = h(u) = h(x + x^2 - y + y^2) \quad h \in C^1.$$

$$2.3 b) \quad \begin{cases} u = \cos\phi x + \sin\phi y \\ v = -\sin\phi x + \cos\phi y. \end{cases} \quad \text{OBS! } \phi \text{ konstant.}$$

$$w'_x = w'_u u'_x + w'_v v'_x = \cos\phi w'_u - \sin\phi w'_v$$

$$w'_y = w'_u u'_y + w'_v v'_y = +\sin\phi w'_u + \cos\phi w'_v$$

$$z''_{xx} = (z'_x)'_x = (\cos\phi z'_u - \sin\phi z'_v)'_x =$$

$$= \cos\phi (z'_u)'_x - \sin\phi (z'_v)'_x =$$

$$= \cos\phi (\cos\phi z''_{uu} + \sin\phi z''_{uv}) - \sin\phi (\cos\phi z''_{uv} + \sin\phi z''_{vv})$$

$$= \cos^2\phi z''_{uu} + 2\cos\phi\sin\phi z''_{uv} + \sin^2\phi z''_{vv}$$

$$z''_{yy} = (z'_y)'_y = (+\sin\phi z'_u + \cos\phi z'_v)'_y =$$

$$= +\sin\phi (z'_u)'_y + \cos\phi (z'_v)'_y =$$

$$= +\sin\phi (+\sin\phi z''_{uu} + \cos\phi z''_{uv}) + \cos\phi (+\sin\phi z''_{uv} + \cos\phi z''_{vv})$$

$$= \sin^2\phi z''_{uu} + 2\cos\phi\sin\phi z''_{uv} + \cos^2\phi z''_{vv}$$

$$\text{Só } z''_{xx} + z''_{yy} = (\cos^2\phi + \sin^2\phi) z''_{uu} + (\cos^2\phi + \sin^2\phi) z''_{vv}$$

$$= z''_{uu} + z''_{vv}.$$

2.37)

$$a) \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \rho}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \rho \cos \varphi \\ y = \rho \sin \varphi \end{cases}$$

$$= \cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \varphi} = -\rho \sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \rho \cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

$$b) \begin{cases} \rho \sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} = \rho \sin \varphi \cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \rho \sin^2 \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} & (1) \\ \cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} = -\rho \sin \varphi \cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \rho \cos^2 \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} & (2) \end{cases}$$

$$(1) + (2) = \rho \sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} + \cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} = \rho \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

$$\text{D.V.S.} \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\cos \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \dots = \cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} - \frac{\sin \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi}$$

$$c) \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) =$$

$$= \cos \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left(\cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} - \frac{\sin \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right) - \frac{\sin \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left(\cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} - \frac{\sin \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right) + \sin \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left(\sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\cos \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right) + \frac{\cos \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left(\sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\cos \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right) =$$

$$= \cos \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left(\cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} - \frac{\sin \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right) - \frac{\sin \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left(\cos \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} - \frac{\sin \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right) +$$

$$+ \sin \varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left(\sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\cos \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right) + \frac{\cos \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \varphi} \left(\sin \varphi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\cos \varphi}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \varphi} \right)$$

$$= \dots = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \rho^2} + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \rho} + \frac{1}{\rho^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \varphi^2} = 0$$

$$d) u'' + \frac{1}{\rho} u' = 0 \Leftrightarrow (\rho u')' = 0 \Leftrightarrow \rho u' = 2C \Leftrightarrow u = 2C \ln \rho + D$$

$$= \underline{\underline{C \ln(x^2 + y^2) + D}}$$

2.39)

$$u = xy^2, \quad z = 2x + y$$

$$\text{Med } \begin{cases} v = x \\ w = 2x + y \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = v \\ y = w - 2v \end{cases}$$

skulle

$$\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_y \text{ var "vanligt" } \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}, \text{ och}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_z = \frac{\partial u}{\partial v}$$

$$\text{D.v.f.} \quad \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_y = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (xy^2) = \underline{y^2}.$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_z = \frac{\partial u}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}$$

$$= \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = y^2 - 2(2xy) = \underline{\underline{y^2 - 4xy}}$$

2.40)

$$E = f(T, p)$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial T}\right)_p = \frac{\partial f}{\partial T}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial T}\right)_v = \frac{\partial}{\partial T} f(T, p(T, v)) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial T} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial p} \frac{\partial p}{\partial T}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial v}\right)_T = \frac{\partial}{\partial v} f(T, p(T, v)) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial p} \frac{\partial p}{\partial v}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial T}\right)_p = \frac{\partial}{\partial T} (p(T, v)) = \frac{\partial p}{\partial T} + \frac{\partial p}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial T} = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial T}\right)_v + \left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial v}\right)_T \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial T}\right)_p = \frac{\partial v}{\partial T} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} / \frac{\partial p}{\partial v}$$

$$= \frac{\partial f}{\partial T} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial p} \frac{\partial p}{\partial T} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial p} \frac{\partial p}{\partial v} \left(-\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} / \frac{\partial p}{\partial v}\right) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial T}$$

2.41)

$$z'_x = y = \sqrt{u/v}$$

$$(z'_x)'_u = \frac{1}{2v} (u/v)^{-1/2} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{uv}}$$

$$z'_u = 1, (z'_u)'_x = 0.$$

$$\begin{cases} u = xy \\ v = x/y \end{cases}$$

$$x^2 = uv$$

$$y^2 = u/v$$