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Things allowed (Hjälpmedel): a calculator.

Scores rating (Betygsgränser): 8-11 points giving rate 3; 11.5-14.5 points giving rate 4; 15-18 points giving rate 5. Write down all necessary steps in solutions in order to receive as many points as possible.

1 (3 points)

A student from LiU is randomly selected. Let A denote the event that the selected student has taken an AI course and B be the event that the selected student has taken a statistics course. Assume that $P(A) = 0.55$, $P(B) = 0.35$ and $P(A \cap B) = 0.25$.

- (1.1) (1p) What is the probability that the selected student has taken an AI course or a statistics course?
- (1.2) (1p) What is the probability that the selected student has taken an AI course but not a statistics course?
- (1.3) (1p) Given that the selected student has taken an AI course, what is the probability that the selected student has taken a statistics course?

2 (4 points)

A LiU graduate is starting a company. This graduate is currently negotiating financing with two investment companies. Let X and Y denote possible amounts (unit: million) of investments from these two investment companies, and assume that (X, Y) is a two dimensional discrete random variable with the following joint probability mass function:

$X \setminus Y$	0	1	2
0	0.24	0.015	c
1	0.56	0.035	0.105

The above table tells that X can take values 0 and 1, and Y can take values 0, 1 and 2.

- (2.1) (1p) Find the value of c .
- (2.2) (1p) Find the mean $E(X)$ of X .
- (2.3) (1p) Find the conditional probability $P(X + Y \leq 2 \mid X = 1)$.
- (2.4) (1p) Are X and Y independent? Why?

3 (3 points)

Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{64} be independent random variables with the same distribution which has a probability density function $f(x)$:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{8} \cdot x^2, & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 2, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (3.1) (1p) Find the mean $E(X_i)$ and the variance $V(X_i)$.
- (3.2) (2p) Find the probability $P(X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_{64} \leq 103)$.

4 (3 points)

Suppose that the distribution X of weights (unit: gram) of all peanuts boxes produced by a factory is normal $X \sim N(\mu, 2^2)$. A sample $\{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\}$ is taken from the population X .

- (4.1) (1p) Find a point estimate $\hat{\mu}_{MM}$ of μ based on the method of moments.
- (4.2) (2p) Find a point estimate $\hat{\mu}_{ML}$ of μ based on the maximum-likelihood method.

5 (3 points)

Two populations $X \sim N(\mu_1, \sigma^2)$ and $Y \sim N(\mu_2, \sigma^2)$ are independent. A sample with sample size 9 is taken from X , and the sample mean is 6.2 and the sample standard deviation is 1.5. Another sample with sample size 12 is taken from Y , and the sample mean is 2.8 and the sample standard deviation is 1.2.

- (5.1) (1.5p) Construct a (two-sided) 95% confidence interval of $\mu_1 - \mu_2$.
- (5.2) (1.5p) Construct a (two-sided) 95% confidence interval of σ^2 .

6 (2 points)

Let a population X be normal $X \sim N(\mu, 2^2)$. A sample $\{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{16}\}$ is taken from this population with $\bar{x} = 12.6$ and $s = 2.2$. Test the following hypothesis with a significance level $\alpha = 0.05$:

$$\begin{cases} H_0 : \mu = 14 \\ H_a : \mu < 14 \end{cases}$$

(6.1). (1p) Is H_0 rejected? Why?

(6.2). (1p) For the test in (6.1), find the type-II error $\beta(12)$ when the actual $\mu = 12$.

1. Basic probability

- (1.1) Conditional probability $P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$.
 (1.2) Total probability $P(B) = \sum_{i=1}^k P(B|A_i)P(A_i)$ where $\{A_i\}$ are disjoint and $\cup_{i=1}^k A_i = S$.
 (1.3) Bayes' Theorem $P(A_i|B) = \frac{P(B|A_i)P(A_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^k P(B|A_i)P(A_i)}$ where $\{A_i\}$ are in (1.2).

2. Random variables (r.v.s)

- (2.1) Discrete r.v. X has a pmf $p(x) = P(X = x)$ satisfying $p(x) \geq 0$ and $\sum p(x_i) = 1$,

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} X & x_1 & x_2 & \cdots & x_n & \cdots \\ \hline p(x) & p(x_1) & p(x_2) & \cdots & p(x_n) & \cdots \end{array}$$

- Expectation (or *Expected value* or *mean*) $\mu_X = E(X) = \sum x_i p(x_i)$;
 Variance $\sigma_X^2 = V(X) = E(X - \mu_X)^2 = E(X^2) - \mu_X^2 = \sum x_i^2 p(x_i) - (\sum x_i p(x_i))^2$.
 (2.2) Continuous r.v. X has a pdf $f(x)$ satisfying $f(x) \geq 0$ and $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$,

$$P(a < X < b) = \int_a^b f(x) dx.$$

Expectation (or *Expected value* or *mean*) $\mu_X = E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx$;

Variance $\sigma_X^2 = V(X) = E(X - \mu_X)^2 = E(X^2) - \mu_X^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f(x) dx - (\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx)^2$.

- (2.3) Cumulative distribution function (cdf) of a r.v. X is $F(x) = P(X \leq x)$.

- (2.4) X and Y are r.v.s, a, b and c are scalars, then

$$E(aX + bY + c) = aE(X) + bE(Y) + c,$$

$$V(aX + bY + c) = a^2 V(X) + b^2 V(Y) + 2ab \operatorname{cov}(X, Y),$$

$$E(g(X, Y)) = \begin{cases} \sum_{i,j} g(x_i, y_j) \cdot p(x_i, y_j), & \text{for discrete } (X, Y), \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(x, y) \cdot f(x, y) dx dy, & \text{for continuous } (X, Y). \end{cases}$$

- (2.5) • Discrete r.v. (X, Y) has a joint pmf $p(x, y)$ satisfying $p(x, y) \geq 0$ and $\sum_{x_i} \sum_{y_j} p(x_i, y_j) = 1$.

The *marginal pmf* of X is $p_X(x) = \sum_y p(x, y)$;

The *marginal pmf* of Y is $p_Y(y) = \sum_x p(x, y)$;

X and Y are *independent* if $p(x, y) = p_X(x) \cdot p_Y(y)$.

- Continuous r.v. (X, Y) has a joint pdf $p(x, y)$ satisfying $f(x, y) \geq 0$ and $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y) dx dy = 1$.

The *marginal pdf* of X is $f_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y) dy$;

The *marginal pdf* of Y is $f_Y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, y) dx$;

X and Y are *independent* if $f(x, y) = f_X(x) \cdot f_Y(y)$.

3. Several special r.v.s

- (3.1) $X \sim \operatorname{Bin}(n, p)$ has a pmf $p(x) = P(X = x) = \binom{n}{x} \cdot p^x \cdot (1-p)^{n-x}$, $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$.

$$E(X) = n \cdot p, \quad V(X) = n \cdot p \cdot (1-p).$$

- (3.2) $X \sim \operatorname{Po}(\lambda)$ has a pmf $p(x) = P(X = x) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!}$, $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
 $E(X) = \lambda, \quad V(X) = \lambda$.

- (3.3) $X \sim \operatorname{Hypergeometric}$ has a pmf $p(x) = P(X = x) = \frac{\binom{M}{x} \binom{N-M}{n-x}}{\binom{N}{n}}$.

- (3.4) $X \sim \operatorname{Exp}(\lambda)$ has a pdf

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \lambda e^{-\lambda x}, & x \geq 0, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (3.5) $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ has a pdf

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}, \quad -\infty < x < \infty.$$

- (3.6) $X \sim U(a, b)$ has a pdf

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a}, & a < x < b, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

$$E(X) = \frac{a+b}{2}, \quad V(X) = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}.$$

4. Central Limit Theorem (CLT)

Suppose that a population has mean $= \mu$ and variance $= \sigma^2$. A random sample $\{X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n\}$ from this population is given. Then for large $n \geq 30$,

$$\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \sim N(0, 1). \tag{1}$$

- If the population is normal, then (1) holds for any n .
- Note that $\mu = E(\bar{X})$ and $(\sigma/\sqrt{n})^2 = V(\bar{X})$.

5. Several notations in statistics

- (5.1) Sample mean: $\bar{X} = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n}{n} = \sum \frac{X_i}{n}$; $\bar{x} = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \sum \frac{x_i}{n}$.

- (5.2) Sample variance:

$$S^2 = \frac{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{n-1} = \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\sum X_i^2 - \frac{(\sum X_i)^2}{n} \right); \quad s^2 = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1} = \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\sum x_i^2 - \frac{(\sum x_i)^2}{n} \right).$$

- Capital letters \bar{X} and S^2 refer to the objects based on random sample (therefore they are in general r.v.s), while small letters \bar{x} and s^2 are the objects based on observations (so they are scalars).

- (5.3) A point estimator of θ obtained by Methods of Moments is denoted as $\hat{\theta}_{MM}$.

- (5.4) A point estimator of θ obtained by Maximum Likelihood method is denoted as $\hat{\theta}_{ML}$.

6. Confidence Interval (CI)

In this course, three types of confidence intervals are studied depending on the unknown population parameter(s): CI-1 (confidence intervals for population mean(s)), CI-2 (confidence intervals for population variance(s)), and CI-3 (confidence intervals for population proportion(s)).

CI-1: (1 - α) CI of a population mean μ

case 1.1 (any n) If population $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ and σ^2 is known, then $\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \sim N(0, 1)$ and

$$I_\mu = (\bar{x} - z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}, \bar{x} + z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}) := \bar{x} \mp z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}.$$

case 1.2 (n ≥ 30) For any population X, it holds that $\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \sim N(0, 1)$ and

$$I_\mu = \bar{x} \mp z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \text{ or } I_\mu = \bar{x} \mp z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \frac{\hat{\sigma}}{\sqrt{n}}.$$

case 1.3 (any n) If population $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ and σ^2 is unknown, then $\frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{S/\sqrt{n}} \sim T(n - 1)$ and

$$I_\mu = \bar{x} \mp t_{\alpha/2}(n - 1) \cdot \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}.$$

CI-1': (1 - α) CI of the difference of two population means $\mu_X - \mu_Y$

case 1.1' (any n_1, n_2) If independent populations $X \sim N(\mu_X, \sigma_X^2)$, $Y \sim N(\mu_Y, \sigma_Y^2)$, and σ_X^2, σ_Y^2 are known, then

$$\frac{(\bar{X} - \bar{Y}) - (\mu_X - \mu_Y)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_X^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_Y^2}{n_2}}} \sim N(0, 1), \text{ and } I_{\mu_X - \mu_Y} = (\bar{x} - \bar{y}) \mp z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_X^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_Y^2}{n_2}}.$$

case 1.2' ($n_1, n_2 \geq 30$) For any independent populations X and Y, it holds that

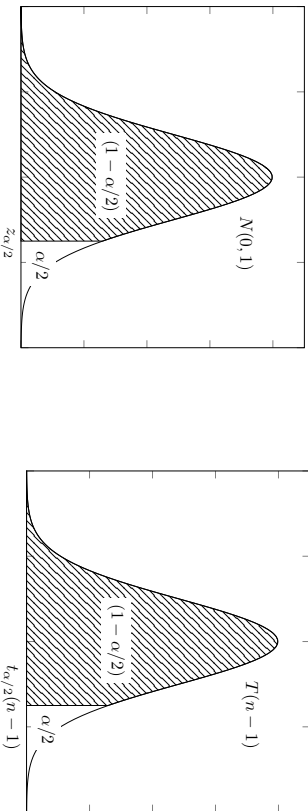
$$\frac{(\bar{X} - \bar{Y}) - (\mu_X - \mu_Y)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_X^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_Y^2}{n_2}}} \sim N(0, 1) \text{ and}$$

$$I_{\mu_X - \mu_Y} = (\bar{x} - \bar{y}) \mp z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_X^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_Y^2}{n_2}} \text{ or } I_{\mu_X - \mu_Y} = (\bar{x} - \bar{y}) \mp z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\hat{\sigma}_X^2}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{\sigma}_Y^2}{n_2}}.$$

case 1.3' (any n_1, n_2) If independent populations $X \sim N(\mu_X, \sigma_X^2)$, $Y \sim N(\mu_Y, \sigma_Y^2)$, where σ_X^2, σ_Y^2 are unknown but $\sigma_X^2 = \sigma_Y^2$, then

$$\frac{(\bar{X} - \bar{Y}) - (\mu_X - \mu_Y)}{S \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}} \sim T(n_1 + n_2 - 2), \text{ where } S^2 = \frac{(n_1 - 1)S_X^2 + (n_2 - 1)S_Y^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}, \text{ and}$$

$$I_{\mu_X - \mu_Y} = (\bar{x} - \bar{y}) \mp t_{\alpha/2}(n_1 + n_2 - 2) \cdot s \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}.$$



CI-2: (1 - α) CI of population variance(s) σ^2

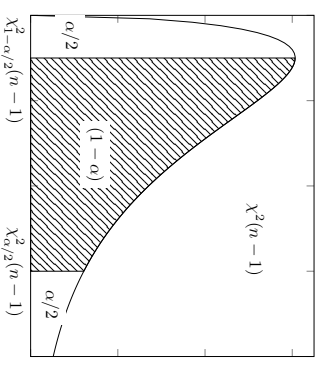
• If a population $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ and σ^2 is unknown, then $\frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi^2(n - 1)$, and

$$I_{\sigma^2} = \left(\frac{(n-1)s^2}{\chi_{\alpha/2}^2(n-1)}, \frac{(n-1)s^2}{\chi_{1-\alpha/2}^2(n-1)} \right).$$

• If two independent populations $X \sim N(\mu_X, \sigma^2)$ and $Y \sim N(\mu_Y, \sigma^2)$, and σ^2 is unknown, then $\frac{(n_1+n_2-2)S^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi^2(n_1 + n_2 - 2)$, and

$$I_{\sigma^2} = \left(\frac{(n_1 + n_2 - 2)s^2}{\chi_{\alpha/2}^2(n_1 + n_2 - 2)}, \frac{(n_1 + n_2 - 2)s^2}{\chi_{1-\alpha/2}^2(n_1 + n_2 - 2)} \right),$$

where $S^2 = \frac{(n_1-1)S_X^2 + (n_2-1)S_Y^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}$.



CI-3: (1 - α) CI of population proportion(s)

• If a (large) population has an unknown proportion p, then $\frac{\hat{p} - p}{\sqrt{p(1-p)/n}} \sim N(0, 1)$ if $n\hat{p} \geq 10$ and $n(1 - \hat{p}) \geq 10$ with $\hat{p} = x/n$, and $I_p = \hat{p} \mp z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})}{n}}$.

• If two independent (large) populations have unknown proportions p_1 and p_2 , then

$$\frac{(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - (p_1 - p_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1(1-\hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2(1-\hat{p}_2)}{n_2}}} \sim N(0, 1)$$

if $n_i \hat{p}_i \geq 10$ and $n_i(1 - \hat{p}_i) \geq 10$ for $i = 1, 2$, and $I_{p_1 - p_2} = (\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) \mp z_{\alpha/2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1(1-\hat{p}_1)}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2(1-\hat{p}_2)}{n_2}}$.

7. Hypothesis Test (HT)

	H_0 is true	H_0 is false and $\theta = \theta_1$
reject H_0	(type I error or significance level) α	(power) $h(\theta_1)$
don't reject H_0	$1 - \alpha$	(type II error) $\beta(\theta_1) = 1 - h(\theta_1)$

reject $H_0 \Leftrightarrow TS \in C \Leftrightarrow p\text{-value} < \alpha$

χ^2 tests for populations (non-parametric tests)

Suppose that for a random sample of a population X, the n elements of it are classified into k disjoint groups $A_i, 1 \leq i \leq k$. For each group $A_i, 1 \leq i \leq k$, suppose that there are $N_{i1}, 1 \leq i \leq k$ elements inside. Let $p_i = P(A_i)$ assuming a given distribution of X. Note that $p_1 + p_2 + \dots + p_k = 1$ and $N_1 + N_2 + \dots + N_k = n$. One wants to test the hypotheses

$$H_0 : P(A_i) = p_i, \quad 1 \leq i \leq k, \quad H_a : P(A_i) \neq p_i \text{ for some } 1 \leq i \leq k.$$

If n is large in the sense that $np_i \geq 5$ for all $1 \leq i \leq k$, then the test statistic is

$$\sum_{i=1}^k \frac{(N_i - np_i)^2}{np_i} \approx \chi^2(k-1).$$

Therefore the observation of the test statistic is

$$TS = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{(n_i - np_i)^2}{np_i}, \text{ where } n_i \text{ is the observation of } N_i, 1 \leq i \leq k.$$

For the critical region C , one can take (note that if H_0 is true, then TS should be close to zero)

$$C = [\chi_{\alpha}^2(k-1), \infty).$$

The conclusion would be $TS \in C \iff H_0$ is rejected.

8. Linear and logistic regression

(Multiple) linear regression: $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \dots + \beta_k x_k + \varepsilon$, $\varepsilon \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$.

- Y : response variable (which is normal r.v.), $\{x_1, \dots, x_k\}$: predictors (which are scalars).
- sample: $\{(x_{11}, \dots, x_{1k}; y_1), (x_{21}, \dots, x_{2k}; y_2), \dots, (x_{n1}, \dots, x_{nk}; y_n)\}$.
- how to estimate $\beta_j \approx \hat{\beta}_j$: least square method, that is, to minimize $\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$, where the estimated (multiple) linear regression line \hat{y} is

$$\hat{y} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_1 + \dots + \hat{\beta}_k x_k.$$

- $\frac{\hat{\beta}_j - \beta_j}{se(\hat{\beta}_j)} \sim T(n-k-1)$, this helps determine whether or not the real $\beta_j = 0$?
- $\sigma^2 \approx \frac{SSE}{n-k-1}$, this gives an estimation of the size of the error.
- $R^2 = \frac{SSR}{SSY}$, this gives how well the model is (if $R^2 \approx 1$, then the model fits the sample very well).
- How to test $\beta_1 = \dots = \beta_k = 0$? Use the random variable $\frac{SSR/k}{SSE/(n-k-1)} \sim F(k, n-k-1)$.

Logistic regression: Let Y can only take 0 or 1 with $P(Y=1) = p$ and $P(Y=0) = 1-p$.

$$E(Y) = p(x_1, \dots, x_k) = \frac{e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \dots + \beta_k x_k}}{1 + e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \dots + \beta_k x_k}}.$$

- Y : response variable (which is Bernoulli r.v. $P(Y=1) = p$ and $P(Y=0) = 1-p$, so $E(Y) = p$), $\{x_1, \dots, x_k\}$: predictors (which are scalars).
- sample: $\{(x_{11}, \dots, x_{1k}; y_1), (x_{21}, \dots, x_{2k}; y_2), \dots, (x_{n1}, \dots, x_{nk}; y_n)\}$.
- how to estimate $\beta_j \approx \hat{\beta}_j$: maximal likelihood method (maximize $\prod_{i=1}^n p(x_{i1}, \dots, x_{ik})^{y_i} (1 - p(x_{i1}, \dots, x_{ik}))^{1-y_i}$).
- $\frac{\hat{\beta}_j - \beta_j}{se(\hat{\beta}_j)} \approx N(0, 1)$ for large $n \geq 30$, this helps determine whether or not the real $\beta_j = 0$?
- Classification of a new object $Y(x_1, \dots, x_k)$ as 1 or 0 according

$$Y(x_1, \dots, x_k) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } \hat{p}(x_1, \dots, x_k) \geq 0.5, \\ 0, & \text{if } \hat{p}(x_1, \dots, x_k) < 0.5, \end{cases}$$

where the estimated logit function $\hat{p}(x_1, \dots, x_k)$ is

$$\hat{p}(x_1, \dots, x_k) = \frac{e^{\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_1 + \dots + \hat{\beta}_k x_k}}{1 + e^{\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_1 + \dots + \hat{\beta}_k x_k}}.$$

9. Tables

(9.1) Table for $N(0, 1)$ standard normal random variable $\Phi(x) = P(N(0, 1) \leq x)$, $x \geq 0$.
There is an important relation $\Phi(-x) = 1 - \Phi(x)$, $x \geq 0$.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0.0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279	0.5319	0.5359
0.1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675	0.5714	0.5753
0.2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064	0.6103	0.6141
0.3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443	0.6480	0.6517
0.4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808	0.6844	0.6879
0.5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157	0.7190	0.7224
0.6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486	0.7517	0.7549
0.7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7704	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794	0.7823	0.7852
0.8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8078	0.8106	0.8133
0.9	0.8159	0.8186	0.8212	0.8238	0.8264	0.8289	0.8315	0.8340	0.8365	0.8389
1.0	0.8413	0.8438	0.8461	0.8485	0.8508	0.8531	0.8554	0.8577	0.8599	0.8621
1.1	0.8643	0.8665	0.8686	0.8708	0.8729	0.8749	0.8770	0.8790	0.8810	0.8830
1.2	0.8849	0.8869	0.8888	0.8907	0.8925	0.8944	0.8962	0.8980	0.8997	0.9015
1.3	0.9032	0.9049	0.9066	0.9082	0.9099	0.9115	0.9131	0.9147	0.9162	0.9177
1.4	0.9192	0.9207	0.9222	0.9236	0.9251	0.9265	0.9279	0.9292	0.9306	0.9319
1.5	0.9332	0.9345	0.9357	0.9370	0.9382	0.9394	0.9406	0.9418	0.9429	0.9441
1.6	0.9452	0.9463	0.9474	0.9484	0.9495	0.9505	0.9515	0.9525	0.9535	0.9545
1.7	0.9564	0.9564	0.9573	0.9582	0.9591	0.9599	0.9608	0.9616	0.9625	0.9633
1.8	0.9641	0.9649	0.9656	0.9664	0.9671	0.9678	0.9686	0.9693	0.9699	0.9706
1.9	0.9713	0.9719	0.9726	0.9732	0.9738	0.9744	0.9750	0.9756	0.9761	0.9767
2.0	0.9772	0.9778	0.9783	0.9788	0.9793	0.9798	0.9803	0.9808	0.9812	0.9817
2.1	0.9821	0.9826	0.9830	0.9834	0.9838	0.9842	0.9846	0.9850	0.9854	0.9857
2.2	0.9861	0.9864	0.9868	0.9871	0.9875	0.9878	0.9881	0.9884	0.9887	0.9890
2.3	0.9893	0.9896	0.9898	0.9901	0.9904	0.9906	0.9909	0.9911	0.9913	0.9916
2.4	0.9918	0.9920	0.9922	0.9925	0.9927	0.9929	0.9931	0.9932	0.9934	0.9936
2.5	0.9938	0.9940	0.9941	0.9943	0.9945	0.9946	0.9948	0.9949	0.9951	0.9952
2.6	0.9953	0.9955	0.9956	0.9957	0.9959	0.9960	0.9961	0.9962	0.9963	0.9964
2.7	0.9965	0.9966	0.9967	0.9968	0.9969	0.9970	0.9971	0.9972	0.9973	0.9974
2.8	0.9974	0.9975	0.9976	0.9977	0.9977	0.9978	0.9979	0.9979	0.9980	0.9981
2.9	0.9981	0.9982	0.9982	0.9983	0.9984	0.9984	0.9985	0.9985	0.9986	0.9986
3.0	0.9987	0.9987	0.9987	0.9988	0.9988	0.9989	0.9989	0.9989	0.9990	0.9990
3.1	0.9990	0.9991	0.9991	0.9991	0.9992	0.9992	0.9992	0.9993	0.9993	0.9993
3.2	0.9993	0.9993	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9995	0.9995	0.9995
3.3	0.9995	0.9995	0.9995	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9997	0.9997
3.4	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998
3.5	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998
3.6	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999
3.7	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999
3.8	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999
3.9	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
4.0	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

(9.2) Table for $T(f)$ random variable $F(x) = P(T(f) \leq x)$,
where f is a parameter called 'degrees of freedom'.

f	0.75	0.90	0.95	0.975	0.99	0.995	0.9975	0.9995
1	1.00	3.08	6.31	12.71	31.82	63.66	127.32	636.62
2	0.82	1.89	2.92	4.30	6.96	9.92	14.09	31.60
3	0.76	1.64	2.35	3.18	4.54	5.84	7.45	12.92
4	0.74	1.53	2.13	2.78	3.75	4.60	5.60	8.61
5	0.73	1.48	2.02	2.57	3.36	4.03	4.77	6.87
6	0.72	1.44	1.94	2.45	3.14	3.71	4.32	5.96
7	0.71	1.41	1.89	2.36	3.00	3.50	4.03	5.41
8	0.71	1.40	1.86	2.31	2.90	3.36	3.83	5.04
9	0.70	1.38	1.83	2.26	2.82	3.25	3.69	4.78
10	0.70	1.37	1.81	2.23	2.76	3.17	3.58	4.59
11	0.70	1.36	1.80	2.20	2.72	3.11	3.50	4.44
12	0.70	1.36	1.78	2.18	2.68	3.05	3.43	4.32
13	0.69	1.35	1.77	2.16	2.65	3.01	3.37	4.22
14	0.69	1.35	1.76	2.14	2.62	2.98	3.33	4.14
15	0.69	1.34	1.75	2.13	2.60	2.95	3.29	4.07
16	0.69	1.34	1.75	2.12	2.58	2.92	3.25	4.01
17	0.69	1.33	1.74	2.11	2.57	2.90	3.22	3.97
18	0.69	1.33	1.73	2.10	2.55	2.88	3.20	3.92
19	0.69	1.33	1.73	2.09	2.54	2.86	3.17	3.88
20	0.69	1.33	1.72	2.09	2.53	2.85	3.15	3.85
21	0.69	1.32	1.72	2.08	2.52	2.83	3.14	3.82
22	0.69	1.32	1.72	2.07	2.51	2.82	3.12	3.79
23	0.69	1.32	1.71	2.07	2.50	2.81	3.10	3.77
24	0.68	1.32	1.71	2.06	2.49	2.80	3.09	3.75
25	0.68	1.32	1.71	2.06	2.49	2.79	3.08	3.73
26	0.68	1.31	1.71	2.06	2.48	2.78	3.07	3.71
27	0.68	1.31	1.70	2.05	2.47	2.77	3.06	3.69
28	0.68	1.31	1.70	2.05	2.47	2.76	3.05	3.67
29	0.68	1.31	1.70	2.05	2.46	2.76	3.04	3.66
30	0.68	1.31	1.70	2.04	2.46	2.75	3.03	3.65
40	0.68	1.30	1.68	2.02	2.42	2.70	2.97	3.55
50	0.68	1.30	1.68	2.01	2.40	2.68	2.94	3.50
60	0.68	1.30	1.67	2.00	2.39	2.66	2.91	3.46
100	0.68	1.29	1.66	1.98	2.36	2.63	2.87	3.39
∞	0.67	1.28	1.65	1.96	2.33	2.58	2.81	3.29

(9.3) Table for $\chi^2(f)$ random variable $F(x) = P(\chi^2(f) \leq x)$, where f is a parameter.

f	0.0005	0.001	0.005	0.01	0.025	0.05	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.40	0.50
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.15	0.27	0.45
2	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.10	0.21	0.45	0.71	1.02	1.39
3	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.11	0.22	0.35	0.58	1.01	1.42	1.87	2.37
4	0.06	0.09	0.21	0.30	0.48	0.71	1.06	1.65	2.19	2.75	3.36
5	0.16	0.21	0.41	0.55	0.83	1.15	1.61	2.34	3.00	3.66	4.35
6	0.30	0.38	0.68	0.87	1.24	1.64	2.20	3.07	3.83	4.57	5.35
7	0.48	0.60	0.99	1.24	1.69	2.17	2.73	3.62	4.67	5.49	6.35
8	0.71	0.86	1.34	1.65	2.18	2.73	3.49	4.59	5.53	6.42	7.34
9	0.97	1.15	1.73	2.09	2.70	3.33	4.17	5.38	6.39	7.36	8.34
10	1.26	1.48	2.16	2.56	3.25	3.94	4.87	6.18	7.27	8.30	9.34
11	1.59	1.83	2.60	3.05	3.82	4.57	5.58	6.99	8.15	9.24	10.34
12	1.93	2.21	3.07	3.57	4.40	5.23	6.30	7.81	9.03	10.18	11.34
13	2.31	2.62	3.57	4.11	5.01	5.89	7.04	8.63	9.93	11.13	12.34
14	2.70	3.04	4.07	4.66	5.63	6.57	7.79	9.47	10.82	12.08	13.34
15	3.11	3.48	4.60	5.23	6.26	7.26	8.55	10.31	11.72	13.03	14.34
16	3.54	3.94	5.14	5.81	6.91	7.96	9.31	11.15	12.62	13.98	15.34
17	3.98	4.42	5.70	6.41	7.56	8.67	10.09	12.00	13.53	14.94	16.34
18	4.44	4.90	6.26	7.01	8.23	9.39	10.86	12.86	14.44	15.89	17.34
19	4.91	5.41	6.84	7.63	8.91	10.12	11.65	13.72	15.35	16.85	18.34
20	5.40	5.92	7.43	8.26	9.59	10.85	12.44	14.58	16.27	17.81	19.34
21	5.90	6.45	8.03	8.90	10.28	11.59	13.24	15.44	17.18	18.77	20.34
22	6.40	6.98	8.64	9.54	10.98	12.34	14.04	16.31	18.10	19.73	21.34
23	6.92	7.53	9.26	10.20	11.69	13.09	14.85	17.19	19.02	20.69	22.34
24	7.45	8.08	9.89	10.86	12.40	13.85	15.66	18.06	19.94	21.65	23.34
25	7.99	8.65	10.52	11.52	13.12	14.61	16.47	18.94	20.87	22.62	24.34
26	8.54	9.22	11.16	12.20	13.84	15.38	17.29	19.82	21.79	23.58	25.34
27	9.09	9.80	11.81	12.88	14.57	16.15	18.11	20.70	22.72	24.54	26.34
28	9.66	10.39	12.46	13.56	15.31	16.93	18.94	21.59	23.65	25.51	27.34
29	10.23	10.99	13.12	14.26	16.05	17.71	19.77	22.48	24.58	26.48	28.34
30	10.80	11.59	13.79	14.95	16.79	18.49	20.60	23.36	25.51	27.44	29.34
40	16.91	17.92	20.71	22.16	24.43	26.51	29.05	32.34	34.87	37.13	39.34
50	23.46	24.67	27.99	29.71	32.36	34.76	37.69	41.45	46.86	49.33	51.66
60	30.34	31.74	35.53	37.48	40.48	43.19	46.46	50.64	53.81	56.62	59.33
100	59.90	61.92	67.33	70.06	74.22	77.93	82.36	87.95	92.13	95.81	99.33

Table for $\chi^2(f)$ random variable $F(x) = P(\chi^2(f) \leq x)$, where f is a parameter.

f	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	0.95	0.975	0.99	0.995	0.999	0.9995
1	0.71	1.07	1.64	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.63	7.88	10.83	12.12
2	1.83	2.41	3.22	4.61	5.99	7.38	9.21	10.60	13.82	15.20
3	2.95	3.66	4.64	6.25	7.81	9.35	11.34	12.84	16.27	17.73
4	4.04	4.88	5.99	7.78	9.49	11.14	13.28	14.86	18.47	20.00
5	5.13	6.06	7.29	9.24	11.07	12.83	15.09	16.75	20.52	22.11
6	6.21	7.23	8.56	10.64	12.59	14.45	16.81	18.55	22.46	24.10
7	7.28	8.38	9.80	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	20.28	24.32	26.02
8	8.35	9.52	11.03	13.36	15.51	17.53	20.09	21.95	26.12	27.87
9	9.41	10.66	12.24	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	23.59	27.88	29.67
10	10.47	11.78	13.44	15.99	18.31	20.48	23.21	25.19	29.59	31.42
11	11.53	12.90	14.63	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.72	26.76	31.26	33.14
12	12.58	14.01	15.81	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	28.30	32.91	34.82
13	13.64	15.12	16.98	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	29.82	34.53	36.48
14	14.69	16.22	18.15	21.06	23.68	26.12	29.14	31.32	36.12	38.11
15	15.73	17.32	19.31	22.31	25.00	27.49	30.58	32.80	37.70	39.72
16	16.78	18.42	20.47	23.54	26.30	28.85	32.00	34.27	39.25	41.31
17	17.82	19.51	21.61	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	35.72	40.79	42.88
18	18.87	20.60	22.76	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.81	37.16	42.31	44.43
19	19.91	21.69	23.90	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	38.58	43.82	45.97
20	20.95	22.77	25.04	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	40.00	45.31	47.50
21	21.99	23.86	26.17	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	41.40	46.80	49.01
22	23.03	24.94	27.30	30.81	33.92	36.78	40.29	42.80	48.27	50.51
23	24.07	26.02	28.43	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	44.18	49.73	52.00
24	25.11	27.10	29.55	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	45.56	51.18	53.48
25	26.14	28.17	30.68	34.38	37.65	40.65	44.31	46.93	52.62	54.95
26	27.18	29.25	31.79	35.56	38.89	41.92	45.64	48.29	54.05	56.41
27	28.21	30.32	32.91	36.74	40.11	43.19	46.96	49.64	55.48	57.86
28	29.25	31.39	34.03	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	50.99	56.89	59.30
29	30.28	32.46	35.14	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	52.34	58.30	60.73
30	31.32	33.53	36.25	40.26	43.77	46.98	50.89	53.67	59.70	62.16
40	41.62	44.16	47.27	51.81	55.76	59.34	63.69	66.77	73.40	76.09
50	51.89	54.72	58.16	63.17	67.50	71.42	76.15	79.49	86.66	89.56
60	62.13	65.23	68.97	74.40	79.08	83.30	88.38	91.95	99.61	102.69
100	102.95	106.91	111.67	118.50	124.34	129.56	135.81	140.17	149.45	153.17

(9.4) Table for Binomial random variable $P(\text{Bin}(n, p) \leq k)$ if $p \leq 0.5$.
 If $p > 0.5$, then $P(\text{Bin}(n, p) \leq k) = P(\text{Bin}(n, 1-p) \geq n-k)$.

n	k	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50
2	0	0.9025	0.8100	0.7225	0.6400	0.5625	0.4900	0.4225	0.3600	0.3025	0.2500
	1	0.9975	0.9900	0.9775	0.9600	0.9375	0.9100	0.8775	0.8400	0.7975	0.7500
3	0	0.8574	0.7290	0.6141	0.5120	0.4219	0.3430	0.2746	0.2160	0.1664	0.1250
	1	0.9928	0.9720	0.9392	0.8960	0.8438	0.7840	0.7183	0.6480	0.5747	0.5000
4	0	0.8145	0.6561	0.5220	0.4096	0.3164	0.2401	0.1785	0.1256	0.0915	0.0625
	1	0.9860	0.9477	0.8905	0.8192	0.7383	0.6517	0.5630	0.4735	0.3910	0.3125
5	0	0.7738	0.5905	0.4437	0.3277	0.2373	0.1681	0.1160	0.0778	0.0503	0.0313
	1	0.9774	0.9185	0.8352	0.7373	0.6328	0.5282	0.4284	0.3370	0.2562	0.1875
6	0	0.7351	0.5314	0.3771	0.2621	0.1780	0.1176	0.0754	0.0467	0.0277	0.0156
	1	0.9672	0.8847	0.7765	0.6554	0.5339	0.4202	0.3191	0.2333	0.1636	0.1094
7	0	0.6983	0.4783	0.3206	0.2097	0.1335	0.0824	0.0490	0.0280	0.0152	0.0078
	1	0.9566	0.8503	0.7166	0.5767	0.4449	0.3294	0.2338	0.1586	0.1024	0.0625
8	0	0.6634	0.4305	0.2725	0.1678	0.1001	0.0576	0.0319	0.0168	0.0084	0.0039
	1	0.9428	0.8131	0.6572	0.5033	0.3671	0.2553	0.1691	0.1064	0.0632	0.0352
9	0	0.6302	0.3874	0.2316	0.1342	0.0751	0.0404	0.0207	0.0101	0.0046	0.0020
	1	0.9288	0.7748	0.5995	0.4362	0.3003	0.1960	0.1211	0.0705	0.0385	0.0195

Table for Binomial random variable $P(\text{Bin}(n, p) \leq k)$ if $p \leq 0.5$.
 If $p > 0.5$, then $P(\text{Bin}(n, p) \leq k) = P(\text{Bin}(n, 1-p) \geq n-k)$.

n	k	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50
10	0	0.5987	0.3487	0.1969	0.1074	0.0563	0.0282	0.0135	0.0060	0.0025	0.0010
	1	0.9139	0.7361	0.5443	0.3758	0.2440	0.1493	0.0860	0.0464	0.0233	0.0107
11	0	0.5688	0.3138	0.1673	0.0859	0.0422	0.0198	0.0088	0.0036	0.0014	0.0005
	1	0.8981	0.6974	0.4922	0.3221	0.1971	0.1130	0.0606	0.0302	0.0139	0.0059
12	0	0.5404	0.2824	0.1422	0.0687	0.0317	0.0138	0.0057	0.0022	0.0008	0.0002
	1	0.8816	0.6590	0.4435	0.2749	0.1584	0.0850	0.0424	0.0196	0.0083	0.0032

Table for Binomial random variable $P(Bin(n, p) \leq k)$ if $p \leq 0.5$.
 If $p > 0.5$, then $P(Bin(n, p) \leq k) = P(Bin(n, 1 - p) \geq n - k)$.

n	k	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50
14	0	0.4877	0.2288	0.1028	0.0440	0.0178	0.0068	0.0024	0.0008	0.0002	0.0001
	1	0.8470	0.5846	0.3567	0.2075	0.1010	0.0475	0.0205	0.0081	0.0029	0.0009
	2	0.9699	0.8416	0.6479	0.4481	0.2811	0.1608	0.0839	0.0398	0.0170	0.0065
	3	0.9958	0.9559	0.8535	0.6982	0.5213	0.3552	0.2205	0.1243	0.0632	0.0287
	4	0.9996	0.9908	0.9533	0.8702	0.7415	0.5842	0.4227	0.2793	0.1672	0.0898
	5	1.0000	0.9985	0.9885	0.9561	0.8883	0.7805	0.6405	0.4859	0.3373	0.2120
	6	1.0000	0.9998	0.9978	0.9884	0.9617	0.9067	0.8164	0.6925	0.5461	0.3953
	7	1.0000	1.0000	0.9997	0.9976	0.9897	0.9685	0.9247	0.8499	0.7414	0.6047
	8	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9996	0.9978	0.9978	0.9917	0.9417	0.8811	0.7880
	9	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9997	0.9983	0.9940	0.9825	0.9102
	10	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9998	0.9998	0.9989	0.9961	0.9886
	11	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9994	0.9978	0.9935
	12	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9997	0.9991
	13	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999
15	0	0.4633	0.2059	0.0874	0.0352	0.0134	0.0047	0.0016	0.0005	0.0001	0.0000
	1	0.8290	0.5490	0.3186	0.1671	0.0802	0.0353	0.0142	0.0052	0.0017	0.0005
	2	0.9638	0.8159	0.6042	0.3980	0.2361	0.1268	0.0617	0.0271	0.0107	0.0037
	3	0.9945	0.9444	0.8227	0.6482	0.4613	0.2969	0.1727	0.0905	0.0424	0.0176
	4	0.9994	0.9873	0.9383	0.8338	0.6865	0.5155	0.3519	0.2173	0.1204	0.0592
	5	0.9999	0.9978	0.9832	0.9389	0.8516	0.7216	0.5816	0.4303	0.2608	0.1509
	6	1.0000	0.9997	0.9964	0.9819	0.9434	0.8689	0.7548	0.6098	0.4522	0.3036
	7	1.0000	1.0000	0.9994	0.9958	0.9827	0.9500	0.8868	0.7869	0.6535	0.5000
	8	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9992	0.9958	0.9848	0.9578	0.9050	0.8182	0.6964
	9	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9992	0.9923	0.9662	0.9231	0.8491
	10	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9993	0.9976	0.9907	0.9745	0.9408
	11	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9993	0.9981	0.9937	0.9824
	12	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9997	0.9989	0.9963
	13	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9995
	14	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	16	0	0.4401	0.1853	0.0743	0.0281	0.0100	0.0033	0.0010	0.0003	0.0001
1		0.8108	0.5147	0.2839	0.1407	0.0635	0.0261	0.0098	0.0033	0.0010	0.0003
2		0.9571	0.7892	0.5614	0.3518	0.1971	0.0994	0.0451	0.0183	0.0066	0.0021
3		0.9930	0.9316	0.7899	0.5981	0.4050	0.2459	0.1339	0.0651	0.0281	0.0106
4		0.9991	0.9830	0.9209	0.7982	0.6302	0.4499	0.2892	0.1666	0.0853	0.0384
5		0.9999	0.9967	0.9765	0.9183	0.8103	0.6598	0.4900	0.3288	0.1976	0.1051
6		1.0000	0.9995	0.9944	0.9733	0.9204	0.8247	0.6881	0.5272	0.3660	0.2272
7		1.0000	0.9999	0.9989	0.9930	0.9729	0.9236	0.8406	0.7161	0.5629	0.4018
8		1.0000	1.0000	0.9998	0.9985	0.9925	0.9743	0.9329	0.8577	0.7441	0.5982
9		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9998	0.9988	0.9929	0.9711	0.9417	0.8759	0.7728
10		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9997	0.9984	0.9938	0.9809	0.9514	0.8949
11		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9997	0.9987	0.9951	0.9851	0.9616
12		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9998	0.9991	0.9965	0.9894
13		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9994	0.9979
14		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9997
15		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Table for Binomial random variable $P(Bin(n, p) \leq k)$ if $p \leq 0.5$.
 If $p > 0.5$, then $P(Bin(n, p) \leq k) = P(Bin(n, 1 - p) \geq n - k)$.

n	k	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50
17	0	0.4181	0.1668	0.0631	0.0225	0.0075	0.0023	0.0007	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000
	1	0.7922	0.4818	0.2525	0.1182	0.0501	0.0193	0.0067	0.0021	0.0006	0.0001
	2	0.9497	0.7618	0.5198	0.3096	0.1637	0.0774	0.0327	0.0123	0.0041	0.0012
	3	0.9912	0.9174	0.7556	0.5489	0.3530	0.2019	0.1028	0.0464	0.0184	0.0064
	4	0.9988	0.9779	0.9013	0.7582	0.5739	0.3887	0.2348	0.1260	0.0596	0.0245
	5	0.9999	0.9953	0.9681	0.8943	0.7653	0.5668	0.4197	0.2639	0.1471	0.0717
	6	1.0000	0.9992	0.9921	0.9623	0.8929	0.7752	0.6188	0.4478	0.2902	0.1672
	7	1.0000	0.9999	0.9983	0.9891	0.9598	0.8954	0.8054	0.7872	0.6405	0.4743
	8	1.0000	1.0000	0.9997	0.9974	0.9876	0.9597	0.9006	0.8011	0.6626	0.5000
	9	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9995	0.9969	0.9969	0.9873	0.9617	0.9081	0.8166
	10	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9994	0.9980	0.9852	0.9174	0.8338
	11	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9993	0.9970	0.9894	0.9699
	12	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9994	0.9914	0.9755
	13	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9981	0.9936
	14	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9988
	15	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999
	18	0	0.3972	0.1501	0.0536	0.0180	0.0056	0.0016	0.0004	0.0001	0.0000
1		0.7735	0.4503	0.2241	0.0991	0.0395	0.0142	0.0046	0.0013	0.0003	0.0001
2		0.9419	0.7338	0.4797	0.2713	0.1353	0.0600	0.0236	0.0082	0.0025	0.0008
3		0.9891	0.9018	0.7202	0.5010	0.3057	0.1646	0.0783	0.0328	0.0120	0.0038
4		0.9985	0.9718	0.8794	0.7164	0.5187	0.3327	0.1886	0.0942	0.0411	0.0154
5		0.9998	0.9936	0.9351	0.8671	0.7175	0.5344	0.3550	0.2088	0.1077	0.0481
6		1.0000	0.9988	0.9882	0.9487	0.8610	0.7217	0.5491	0.3258	0.1189	0.0403
7		1.0000	0.9998	0.9973	0.9837	0.9431	0.8593	0.7283	0.5634	0.3915	0.2403
8		1.0000	1.0000	0.9995	0.9957	0.9807	0.9404	0.8609	0.7368	0.5778	0.4073
9		1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9991	0.9946	0.9790	0.9403	0.8653	0.7473	0.5927
10		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9998	0.9988	0.9939	0.9788	0.9090	0.7962	0.6527
11		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9998	0.9988	0.9939	0.9788	0.9090	0.7962
12		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9998	0.9988	0.9939	0.9788	0.9090	0.7962
13		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9997	0.9986	0.9942	0.9817
14		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9997	0.9986	0.9942	0.9817
15		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9997	0.9986	0.9942	0.9817
19		0	0.3774	0.1351	0.0456	0.0144	0.0042	0.0011	0.0003	0.0001	0.0000
	1	0.7547	0.4203	0.1985	0.0829	0.0310	0.0104	0.0031	0.0008	0.0002	0.0000
	2	0.9335	0.7054	0.4413	0.2369	0.1113	0.0462	0.0170	0.0055	0.0015	0.0002
	3	0.9868	0.8850	0.6841	0.4551	0.2631	0.1332	0.0591	0.0230	0.0077	0.0024
	4	0.9980	0.9648	0.8556	0.6733	0.4654	0.2822	0.1500	0.0696	0.0280	0.0096
	5	0.9998	0.9914	0.9463	0.8369	0.6678	0.4739	0.2968	0.1629	0.0777	0.0318
	6	1.0000	0.9983	0.9837	0.9324	0.8251	0.6655	0.4812	0.3081	0.1727	0.0835
	7	1.0000	0.9997	0.9959	0.9767	0.9225	0.8180	0.6656	0.4878	0.3169	0.1796
	8	1.0000	1.0000	0.9992	0.9933	0.9713	0.9161	0.8145	0.6675	0.4940	0.3238
	9	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9984	0.9911	0.9674	0.9125	0.8139	0.6710	0.5000
	10	1.0000									

(9.5) Table for Poisson random variable $P(Po(\mu) \leq k)$.

k	μ									
	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
0	0.9048	0.8187	0.7408	0.6703	0.6065	0.5488	0.4966	0.4493	0.4066	0.3679
1	0.9953	0.9825	0.9631	0.9384	0.9098	0.8781	0.8442	0.8088	0.7725	0.7358
2	0.9998	0.9989	0.9964	0.9921	0.9856	0.9769	0.9659	0.9536	0.9371	0.9197
3	1.0000	0.9999	0.9997	0.9992	0.9982	0.9966	0.9942	0.9909	0.9865	0.9810
4	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9998	0.9996	0.9992	0.9986	0.9977	0.9963
5	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9998	0.9997	0.9994
6	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999
7	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
k	μ									
	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0
0	0.3329	0.3012	0.2725	0.2466	0.2231	0.2019	0.1827	0.1653	0.1496	0.1353
1	0.6990	0.6626	0.6268	0.5918	0.5578	0.5249	0.4932	0.4628	0.4337	0.4060
2	0.9004	0.8795	0.8571	0.8335	0.8088	0.7834	0.7572	0.7306	0.7037	0.6767
3	0.9743	0.9662	0.9569	0.9463	0.9344	0.9212	0.9068	0.8913	0.8747	0.8571
4	0.9946	0.9923	0.9893	0.9857	0.9814	0.9763	0.9704	0.9636	0.9559	0.9473
5	0.9990	0.9985	0.9978	0.9968	0.9955	0.9940	0.9920	0.9896	0.9868	0.9834
6	0.9999	0.9997	0.9996	0.9994	0.9991	0.9987	0.9981	0.9974	0.9966	0.9955
7	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9998	0.9997	0.9996	0.9994	0.9992	0.9989
8	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9998
9	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
k	μ									
	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0
0	0.1225	0.1108	0.1003	0.0907	0.0821	0.0743	0.0672	0.0608	0.0550	0.0498
1	0.3796	0.3546	0.3309	0.3084	0.2873	0.2674	0.2487	0.2311	0.2146	0.1991
2	0.6496	0.6227	0.5960	0.5697	0.5438	0.5184	0.4936	0.4695	0.4460	0.4232
3	0.8386	0.8194	0.7993	0.7787	0.7576	0.7360	0.7141	0.6919	0.6696	0.6472
4	0.9379	0.9275	0.9162	0.9041	0.8912	0.8774	0.8629	0.8477	0.8318	0.8153
5	0.9796	0.9751	0.9700	0.9643	0.9580	0.9510	0.9433	0.9349	0.9258	0.9161
6	0.9941	0.9925	0.9906	0.9884	0.9858	0.9828	0.9794	0.9756	0.9713	0.9665
7	0.9985	0.9980	0.9974	0.9967	0.9958	0.9947	0.9934	0.9919	0.9901	0.9881
8	0.9997	0.9995	0.9994	0.9991	0.9989	0.9985	0.9981	0.9976	0.9969	0.9962
9	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9998	0.9997	0.9996	0.9995	0.9993	0.9991	0.9989
10	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9998	0.9997	0.9996
11	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999
12	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Table for Poisson random variable $P(Po(\mu) \leq k)$.

k	μ									
	3.2	3.4	3.6	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0
0	0.0408	0.0334	0.0273	0.0224	0.0183	0.0150	0.0123	0.0101	0.0082	0.0067
1	0.1712	0.1468	0.1257	0.1074	0.0916	0.0780	0.0663	0.0563	0.0477	0.0404
2	0.3799	0.3397	0.3027	0.2689	0.2381	0.2127	0.1851	0.1626	0.1425	0.1247
3	0.6025	0.5584	0.5152	0.4735	0.4335	0.3954	0.3594	0.3257	0.2942	0.2650
4	0.7806	0.7442	0.7064	0.6678	0.6288	0.5898	0.5512	0.5132	0.4763	0.4405
5	0.8946	0.8705	0.8441	0.8156	0.7851	0.7531	0.7199	0.6858	0.6510	0.6160
6	0.9534	0.9421	0.9267	0.9091	0.8893	0.8675	0.8436	0.8180	0.7908	0.7622
7	0.9832	0.9769	0.9682	0.9599	0.9509	0.9419	0.9321	0.9214	0.9049	0.8866
8	0.9943	0.9917	0.9883	0.9840	0.9786	0.9721	0.9642	0.9549	0.9442	0.9319
9	0.9982	0.9973	0.9960	0.9942	0.9919	0.9889	0.9851	0.9805	0.9749	0.9682
10	0.9995	0.9992	0.9987	0.9981	0.9972	0.9959	0.9943	0.9922	0.9896	0.9863
11	0.9999	0.9998	0.9996	0.9994	0.9991	0.9986	0.9980	0.9971	0.9960	0.9945
12	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9998	0.9997	0.9996	0.9993	0.9990	0.9986
13	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9998	0.9997	0.9995	0.9993
14	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9998
15	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999
k	μ									
	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.8	6.0	6.5	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.5
0	0.0055	0.0045	0.0037	0.0030	0.0025	0.0015	0.0009	0.0006	0.0003	0.0002
1	0.0342	0.0289	0.0244	0.0206	0.0174	0.0113	0.0073	0.0047	0.0030	0.0019
2	0.1088	0.0948	0.0824	0.0715	0.0620	0.0430	0.0286	0.0203	0.0138	0.0093
3	0.2381	0.2133	0.1906	0.1700	0.1512	0.1118	0.0818	0.0591	0.0424	0.0301
4	0.4061	0.3733	0.3422	0.3127	0.2851	0.2237	0.1730	0.1321	0.0996	0.0744
5	0.5809	0.5461	0.5119	0.4783	0.4457	0.3690	0.3007	0.2414	0.1912	0.1496
6	0.7324	0.7017	0.6703	0.6384	0.6063	0.5265	0.4497	0.3782	0.3134	0.2562
7	0.8449	0.8217	0.7970	0.7710	0.7440	0.6728	0.5987	0.5246	0.4530	0.3856
8	0.9181	0.9027	0.8857	0.8672	0.8472	0.7916	0.7291	0.6620	0.5925	0.5231
9	0.9603	0.9512	0.9409	0.9292	0.9161	0.8774	0.8305	0.7764	0.7166	0.6530
10	0.9823	0.9775	0.9718	0.9651	0.9574	0.9332	0.9015	0.8622	0.8159	0.7634
11	0.9927	0.9904	0.9875	0.9841	0.9799	0.9661	0.9467	0.9208	0.8881	0.8487
12	0.9972	0.9962	0.9949	0.9932	0.9912	0.9840	0.9730	0.9573	0.9362	0.9091
13	0.9990	0.9986	0.9980	0.9973	0.9964	0.9929	0.9872	0.9784	0.9658	0.9486
14	0.9999	0.9995	0.9993	0.9990	0.9986	0.9970	0.9943	0.9897	0.9827	0.9726
15	0.9999	0.9998	0.9998	0.9996	0.9995	0.9988	0.9976	0.9954	0.9918	0.9862
16	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9998	0.9996	0.9990	0.9980	0.9963	0.9934
17	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9998	0.9996	0.9992	0.9984	0.9970
18	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9997	0.9993	0.9987
19	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9997	0.9995
20	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9998
21	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999
22	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Table for Poisson random variable $P(Po(\mu) \leq k)$.

k	μ																
	9.0	9.5	10.0	11.0	12.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	17.0							
0	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000							
1	0.0012	0.0008	0.0005	0.0002	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000							
2	0.0062	0.0042	0.0028	0.0012	0.0005	0.0002	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000							
3	0.0212	0.0149	0.0103	0.0049	0.0023	0.0011	0.0005	0.0002	0.0001	0.0000							
4	0.0550	0.0403	0.0293	0.0151	0.0076	0.0037	0.0018	0.0009	0.0004	0.0002							
5	0.1157	0.0885	0.0671	0.0375	0.0203	0.0107	0.0055	0.0028	0.0014	0.0007							
6	0.2068	0.1649	0.1301	0.0786	0.0458	0.0259	0.0142	0.0076	0.0040	0.0021							
7	0.3239	0.2687	0.2202	0.1432	0.0895	0.0540	0.0316	0.0180	0.0100	0.0054							
8	0.4557	0.3918	0.3328	0.2320	0.1550	0.0998	0.0621	0.0374	0.0220	0.0126							
9	0.5874	0.5218	0.4579	0.3405	0.2424	0.1658	0.1094	0.0699	0.0433	0.0261							
10	0.7060	0.6453	0.5830	0.4599	0.3472	0.2517	0.1757	0.1185	0.0774	0.0491							
11	0.8030	0.7520	0.6968	0.5793	0.4616	0.3532	0.2600	0.1848	0.1270	0.0847							
12	0.8758	0.8364	0.7916	0.6887	0.5760	0.4631	0.3585	0.2676	0.1931	0.1350							
13	0.9261	0.8981	0.8645	0.7813	0.6815	0.5730	0.4644	0.3632	0.2745	0.2009							
14	0.9585	0.9400	0.9165	0.8540	0.7720	0.6751	0.5704	0.4657	0.3675	0.2808							
15	0.9780	0.9665	0.9513	0.9074	0.8444	0.7636	0.6694	0.5681	0.4667	0.3715							
16	0.9889	0.9823	0.9730	0.9441	0.8987	0.8355	0.7559	0.6641	0.5660	0.4677							
17	0.9947	0.9911	0.9857	0.9678	0.9370	0.8905	0.8272	0.7489	0.6593	0.5640							
18	0.9976	0.9957	0.9928	0.9823	0.9626	0.9302	0.8826	0.8195	0.7423	0.6550							
19	0.9989	0.9980	0.9965	0.9907	0.9787	0.9573	0.9235	0.8752	0.8122	0.7363							
20	0.9996	0.9991	0.9984	0.9953	0.9884	0.9750	0.9521	0.9170	0.8682	0.8055							
21	0.9998	0.9996	0.9993	0.9977	0.9939	0.9859	0.9712	0.9469	0.9108	0.8615							
22	0.9999	0.9999	0.9997	0.9990	0.9970	0.9924	0.9833	0.9673	0.9418	0.9047							
23	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9995	0.9985	0.9960	0.9907	0.9805	0.9633	0.9367							
24	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9998	0.9993	0.9980	0.9950	0.9888	0.9777	0.9594							
25	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9997	0.9990	0.9974	0.9938	0.9869	0.9748							
26	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9995	0.9987	0.9967	0.9925	0.9848							
27	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9998	0.9994	0.9983	0.9959	0.9912							
28	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9997	0.9991	0.9978	0.9950							
29	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9996	0.9994	0.9986							
30	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9997	0.9993							
31	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9997	0.9996							
32	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9996							
33	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999							
34	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9999							
35	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000							