

Period 1, Group theory

Period 2, rings and fields

Abstract Algebra, Lecture 1

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Linköping, fall 2019

Lecture notes availabe at course homepage http://courses.mai.liu.se/GU/TATA55/



Period 1, Group theory

Period 2, rings and fields

1 Period 1, Group theory

The integers Binary operations Groups, introduction Cyclic groups Permutation groups

Cosets

Direct products Homomorphisms Group actions **2 Period 2, rings and fields** Ring theory Field theory

Summary



Period 1, Group theory

Period 2, rings and fields

1 Period 1, Group theory

The integers Binary operations Groups, introduction Cyclic groups Permutation groups Cosets Direct products Homomorphisms Group actions **2 Period 2, rings and fields** Ring theory Field theory

Summary

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Period 1, Group theory

The integers

- Binary operations Groups, introduction
- Cyclic groups
- Permutation groups
- Cosets
- Direct products
- Homomorphisms
- Group actions

Period 2, rings and fields

• Divisibility

- Primes, unique factorization
- Greatest common divisor
- Division with remainder
- Euclidean algorithm, Bezout
- Diophantine equations
- Congruences

The integers

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Period 1, Group theory

The integers

Binary operations

- Groups, introduction Cyclic groups Permutation groups Cosets
- Direct products
- Homomorphisms
- Group actions

Period 2, rings and fields

- Examples
- Associativity
- Semigroups, monoids
- Maps from a finite set to itself
- Free monoid
- Units, inverses

Binary operations

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Period 1, Group theory

- The integers
- **Binary operations**

Groups, introduction

- Cyclic groups Permutation groups
- Cosets
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Period 2, rings and fields

Definition

- *S*_X
- Inverse, units, cancellation, linear equations
- Abelian groups
- Cyclic groups
- Direct sums
- Subgroups
- Cayley (multiplication) table
- Symmetry groups, dihedral groups

Groups

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- The integers Binary operations
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Period 2, rings and fields

• Power laws (exponents)

- $\langle g
 angle$
 - Examples: the circle, \mathbb{Z} , \mathbb{Z}_n , U_n .
 - Order of an element, definition
 - Subgroups of cyclic groups
 - Order of power of elments, and of products of elements
 - Classification of cyclic groups
- (*S*)
- Free groups (brief overview)
- U_n , primitive roots

Cyclic groups

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Period 1, Group theory

- The integers
- **Binary operations**
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Permutation groups

- Cosets
- **Direct products**
- Homomorphisms
- Group actions

Period 2, rings and fields

Permutation groups

- Representations of permutations: graphs, matrices, one or two row tables
- Permutation statistics
- The sign of a permutation, the alternating group
- Disjoint cycle factorization
- Products of transpositions
- Cycle type

• *S*_{*X*}

S_n

- Permutation representation of a finite group
- Matrix representation

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Period 1, Group theory

- The integers
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Cosets

Direct products Homomorphisms Group actions

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- Left and right cosets
- Examples, S_3 , symmetry group of cube
- Lagrange's theorem
- Fermat's and Euler's theorems
- The size of *HK*
- Normal subgroups

Cosets

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Direct products

Homomorphisms Group actions

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- Exterior direct product
- Inner direct product
- Abelian groups: torsion subgroups, *p*-groups
- Structure theorem for finite abelian groups
- Exampels

Direct products

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- Cosets
- Direct products

Homomorphisms

Group actions

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• Definitions, kernel

- Examples
- Congruence
- Quotient groups
- Isomorphism theorems
- Correspondence theorem
- Simple groups

Homomorphisms

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Period 2, rings and fields

- Definition
- Examples
- Orbits, stabilizers, fixed points
- Orbit-Stabilizer relation
- Burnside's lemma
- Class equation, center, centralizer, normalizer, conjugacy classes
- Sylow's theorems

Group actions



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Ring theory Field theory

- Definition, simple properties
- Ideals, homomorphisms, quotients
- Ideal operations

Ring theory



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Ring theory

Field theory

- Degree, division with reminder, gcd
- Ideal theory for polynomial rings, they are PIDs
- Unique factorization
- Quotients of polynomial rings

Polynomial rings



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Ring theory

Field theory

Unique factorization domains

- Polynomial rings in several variables
- Gaussian integers



Period 1, Group theory

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- Simple extensions, algebraic extensions
- Degree of extension
- Splitting fields

Field extensions



Period 1, Group theory

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- Construction
- Uniqueness
- Multiplicative group is cyclic
- Applications: coding theory, LFSR,...

Finite fields