

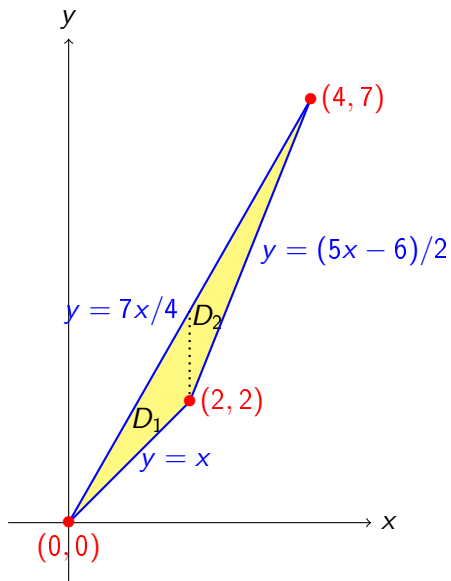
Beräkna

$$\iint_D y dx dy$$

där

- (a) D är triangeln med hörn i $(0, 0)$, $(2, 2)$ och $(4, 7)$.
- (b) $D = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, x^2 + 4y^2 \geq 1\}$.

Lösning (a)



$$D = D_1 \cup D_2$$

där

$$D_1 = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 2, x \leq y \leq 7x/4\},$$

$$D_2 = \{(x, y) : 2 \leq x \leq 4, (5x - 6)/2 \leq y \leq 7x/4\}.$$

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$$D_2 = \{(x, y) : 2 \leq x \leq 4, (5x - 6)/2 \leq y \leq 7x/4\}.$$

$$\iint_D y dx dy = \iint_{D_1} y dx dy + \iint_{D_2} y dx dy$$

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$$D_2 = \{(x, y) : 2 \leq x \leq 4, (5x - 6)/2 \leq y \leq 7x/4\}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D y dx dy &= \iint_{D_1} y dx dy + \iint_{D_2} y dx dy = \\ &= \int_0^2 \left(\int_x^{7x/4} y dy \right) dx + \int_2^4 \left(\int_{(5x-6)/2}^{7x/4} y dy \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$D = D_1 \cup D_2$$

där

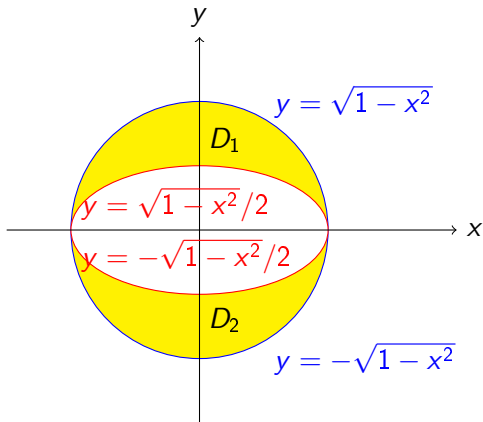
$$D_1 = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq x \leq 2, x \leq y \leq 7x/4\},$$

$$D_2 = \{(x, y) : 2 \leq x \leq 4, (5x - 6)/2 \leq y \leq 7x/4\}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D y dx dy &= \iint_{D_1} y dx dy + \iint_{D_2} y dx dy = \\ &= \int_0^2 \left(\int_x^{7x/4} y dy \right) dx + \int_2^4 \left(\int_{(5x-6)/2}^{7x/4} y dy \right) dx = \dots = 9. \end{aligned}$$

Lösning (b)

$$D = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, x^2 + 4y^2 \geq 1\}$$



$$D = D_1 \cup D_2$$

där

$$D_1 = \left\{ (x, y) : -1 \leq x \leq 1, \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{1-x^2} \right\},$$

$$D_2 = \left\{ (x, y) : -1 \leq x \leq 1, -\sqrt{1-x^2} \leq y \leq -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} \right\}.$$

$$D = D_1 \cup D_2$$

där

$$D_1 = \left\{ (x, y) : -1 \leq x \leq 1, \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{1-x^2} \right\},$$

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$$\iint_D y dx dy = \iint_{D_1} y dx dy + \iint_{D_2} y dx dy$$

$$D = D_1 \cup D_2$$

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$$D_1 = \left\{ (x, y) : -1 \leq x \leq 1, \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{1-x^2} \right\},$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D y dx dy &= \iint_{D_1} y dx dy + \iint_{D_2} y dx dy = \\ &= \int_{-1}^1 \left(\int_{\sqrt{1-x^2}/2}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} y dy \right) dx + \int_{-1}^1 \left(\int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{-\sqrt{1-x^2}/2} y dy \right) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$D = D_1 \cup D_2$$

där

$$D_1 = \left\{ (x, y) : -1 \leq x \leq 1, \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-x^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{1-x^2} \right\},$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \iint_D y dx dy &= \iint_{D_1} y dx dy + \iint_{D_2} y dx dy = \\ & \int_{-1}^1 \left(\int_{\sqrt{1-x^2}/2}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} y dy \right) dx + \int_{-1}^1 \left(\int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{-\sqrt{1-x^2}/2} y dy \right) dx = \dots = 0. \end{aligned}$$